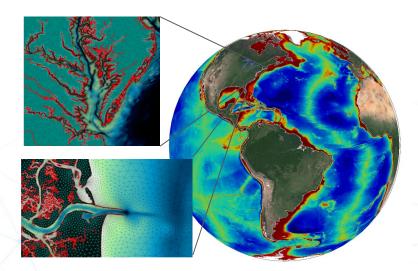
Advancing Global STOFS 2D⁺: NOAA's *Fast* Integrated Multi-Scale Multi-Process Operational Water Level Model

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¹University of Notre Dame, ²University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, ³Water Institute of the Gulf, ⁴Caricoos, ⁵Argonne National Laboratory, ⁶NOAA NOS/OCS Silver Spring MD, ⁷University of Oklahoma at Norman, ⁸US Army ERDC Vicksburg MS, ⁹Los Alamos National Laboratory





At NCEP https://polar.ncep.noaa.gov/estofs/glo.htm At Notre Dame https://dylnwood.github.io/GESTOFS-develop/

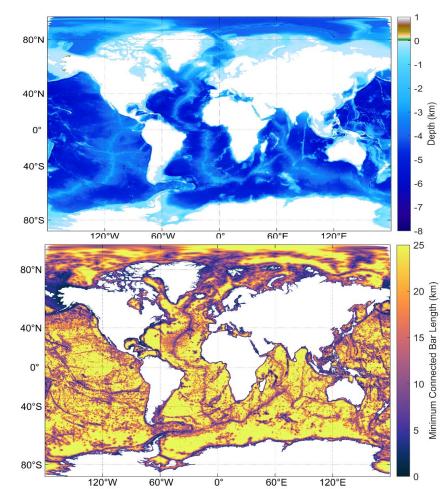
- Global STOFS 2D operationally forced with tidal potential, internal tide dissipation, GFS-FV3 and CICE
- Runs at NCEP and Notre Dame

GFS-FV3 Global Atmospheric Model

ADCIRC Circulation

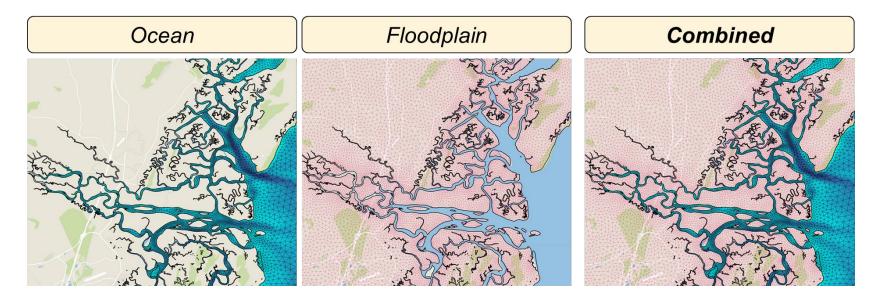
CICE Global Sea Ice Model



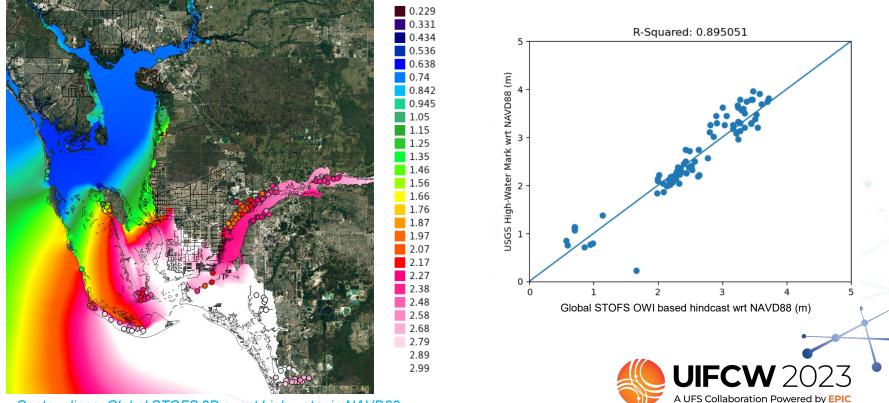


- Unstructured finite element mesh contains 13.6 million nodes and applies pole shifts to optimize accuracy at high latitudes
- Mesh resolution varies between 25 km across abyssal plains to 2.5 km across mid ocean ridges and shelf breaks to improve internal tide dissipation accuracy
- Resolution in **all** U.S. coastal waters and floodplains down to 80 120 meters.
- Most accurate published global model with an M₂ tide deep water error of 1.95 cm
- U.S. East/Gulf of Mexico coast M₂ tide errors R² = 0.9848, average absolute error = 2.5 cm, and a normalized RMS error = 0.089
- Runs *fast* in 2.4 wall clock minutes per day of simulation on 2400 TACC Frontera cores

- Mesh design efficiency is focused on resolving the inland arterial channel networks and wet/dry separation
- Aligning nodes along the water/floodplain interface and applying medial axis values allows for representing the smallest scale features in the model
 - Clear hydraulic connectivity of small channels
 - Incorporation of barrier islands and small islands

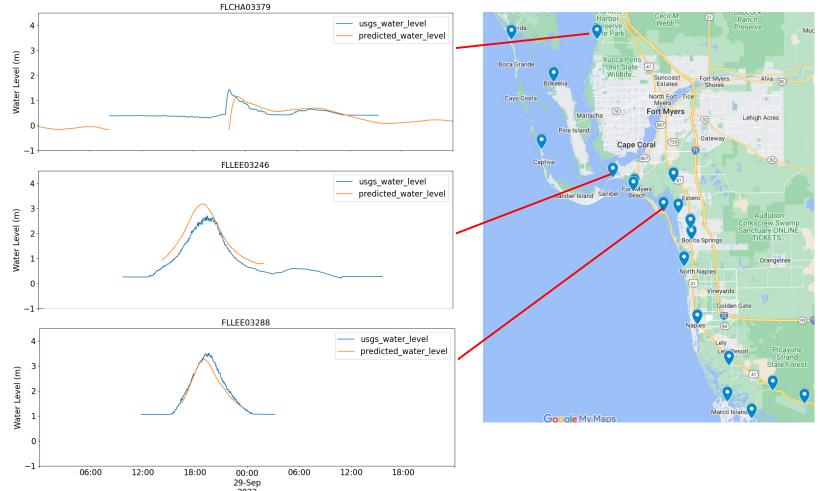


Hurricane Ian (2022) hindcast driven by OWI re-analysis winds compared to USGS data

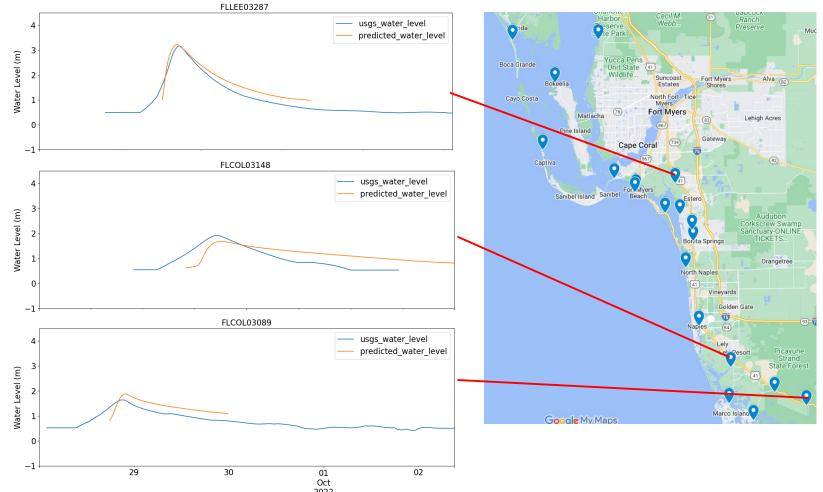


Contour lines: Global STOFS 2D event high water in NAVD88 Circles: USGS High Water Marks in NAVD88

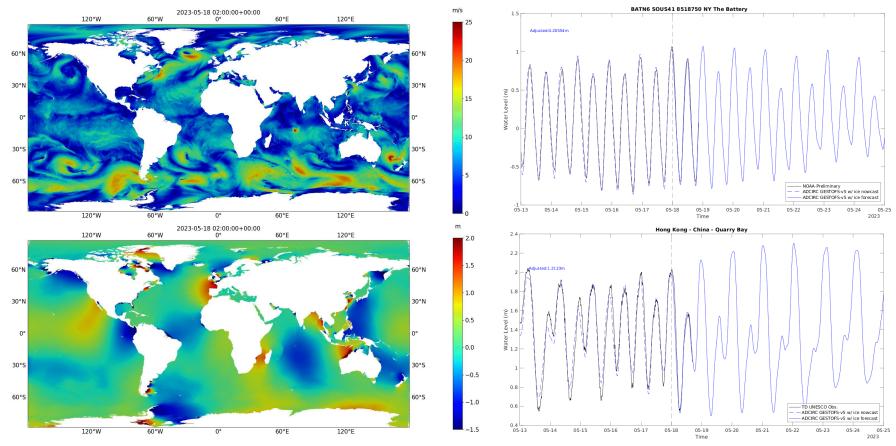
Global STOFS 2D: Hurricane lan hindcast



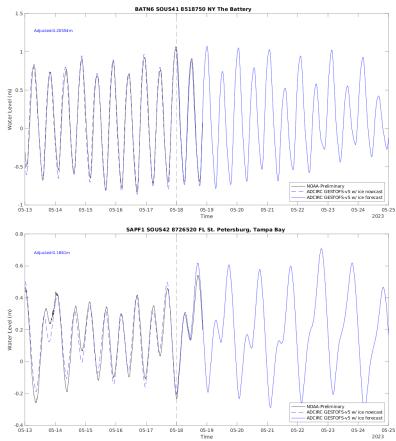
Global STOFS 2D: Hurricane lan hindcast

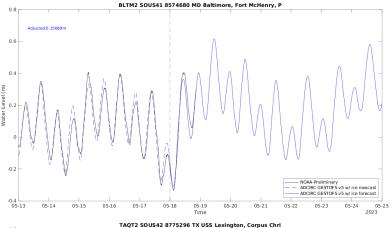


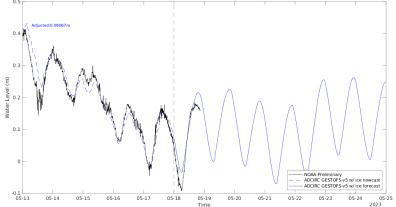
Operational model forecasts run 4x per day at NOAA and 1x per day at ND



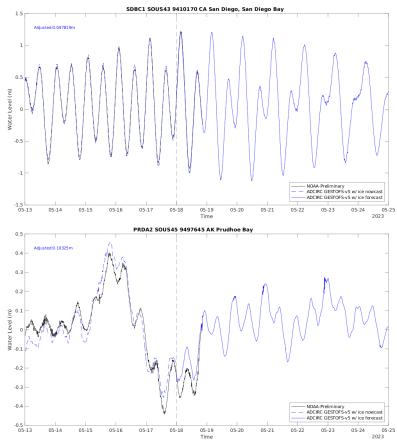
Operational model forecasts with 5 day previous nowcast compared to NOS WL data

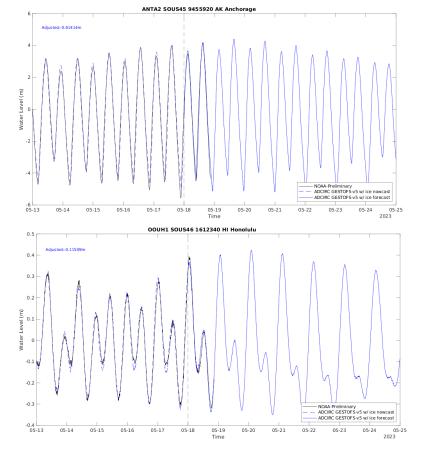




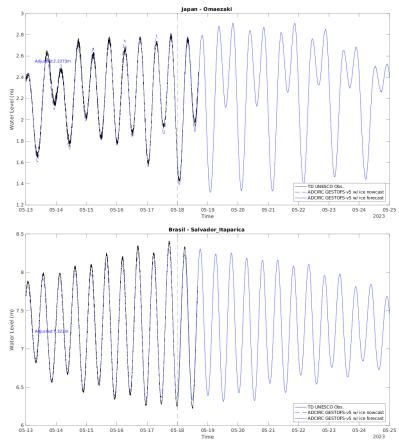


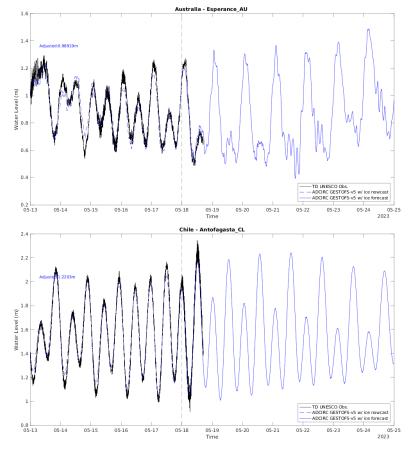
Operational model forecasts with 5 day previous nowcast compared to NOS WL data

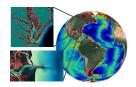




Operational model forecasts with 5 day previous nowcast compared to NOS WL data







Coupling of ADCIRC, GFS-FV3, and G-RTOFS /HYCOM using downscaling over a unified domain on heterogeneous meshes/grids

$$\frac{\partial \boldsymbol{u}}{\partial t} + (\boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla)\boldsymbol{u} + f\boldsymbol{k} \times \boldsymbol{u} = -\nabla \left[\frac{p_s}{\rho_0} + g(\zeta - \zeta_{EQ} - \zeta_{SAL})\right] \\ + \frac{\nabla M}{H} - \frac{\nabla D}{H} - \frac{\nabla B}{H} + \frac{\boldsymbol{\tau}_s}{\rho_0 H} - \frac{\boldsymbol{\tau}_b}{\rho_0 H} - \mathcal{F}_{IT}$$

Baroclinic pressure gradient (BPG):

$$\nabla B = \int_{-h}^{\zeta} \left(g \nabla \left[\int_{z}^{\zeta} \frac{\rho - \rho_{0}}{\rho_{0}} \right] dz \right) dz$$

• Momentum Dispersion:

$$\nabla D = \nabla \int_{-h}^{0} \left[(\boldsymbol{v} - \boldsymbol{V}) \cdot (\boldsymbol{v} - \boldsymbol{V}) \right] dz$$

Internal tide induced barotropic energy conversion:

$$\mathcal{F}_{IT} = C_{IT} \frac{[(N_b^2 - \omega^2)(\tilde{N}^2 - \omega^2)]^{1/2}}{\omega} (\nabla h \cdot \boldsymbol{u}) \nabla h$$

GFS-FV3 Global Atmospheric Model

ADCIRC Circulation with ice

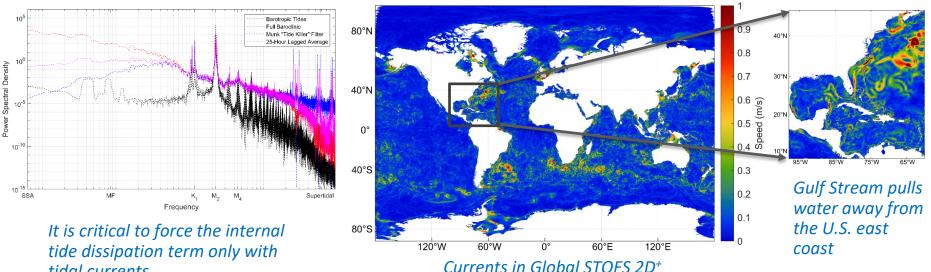
2D⁺ SWE with baroclinic pressure gradient term

HYCOM 3D Global Circulation Model

CICE Global Sea Ice Model

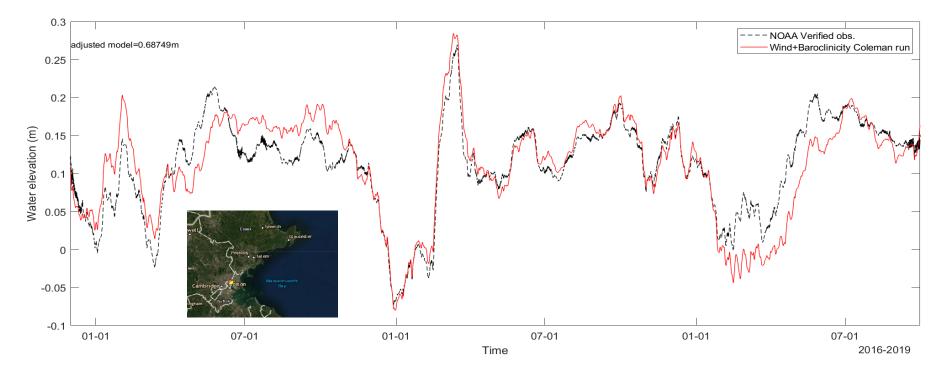
Keys to successful implementation

- **Focused resolution on internal tide dissipation regions** (steep topo gradients coincident with high vertical density gradients)
- **Focused resolution on intense boundary layer dissipation areas** (99% of total global tidal • boundary layer dissipation occurs over 4.3% of the ocean)
- Highly specific banded filter applied to total velocity to extract only tidal frequencies

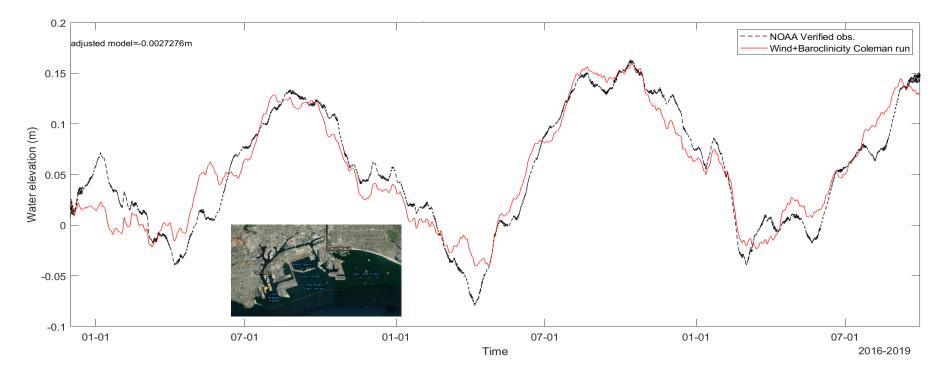


tidal currents

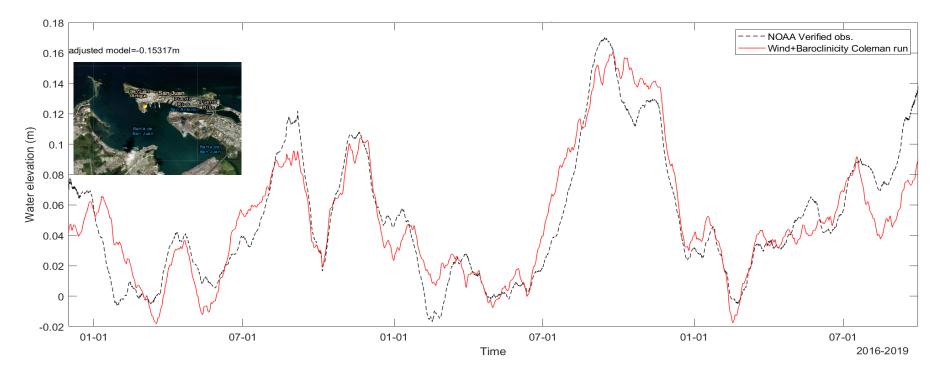
30 day mean water levels compared at NOS Boston station



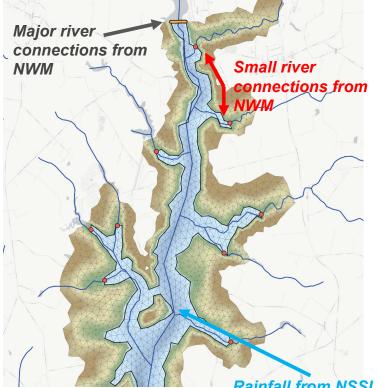
30 day mean water levels compared at NOS Los Angeles station

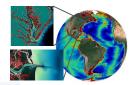


30 day mean water levels compared at NOS San Juan PR station



Global STOFS 2D⁺ with NWM: Thermohaline engine plus hydrology





GFS-FV3 Global Atmospheric Model

ADCIRC Circulation

2D SWE with baroclinic pressure gradient term

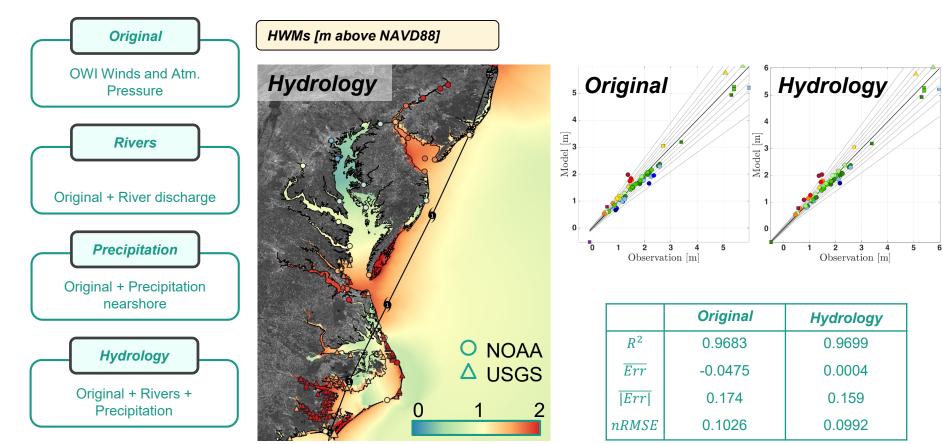
HYCOM 3D Global Circulation Model

CICE Global Sea Ice Model

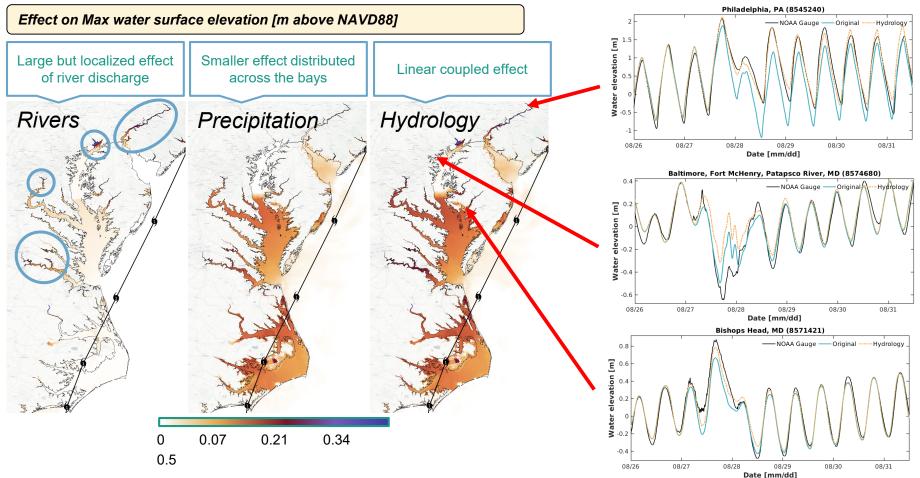
WRF Hydro National Water Model

Rainfall from NSSL Program Multi-Radar/Multi-Sensor System (MRMS)

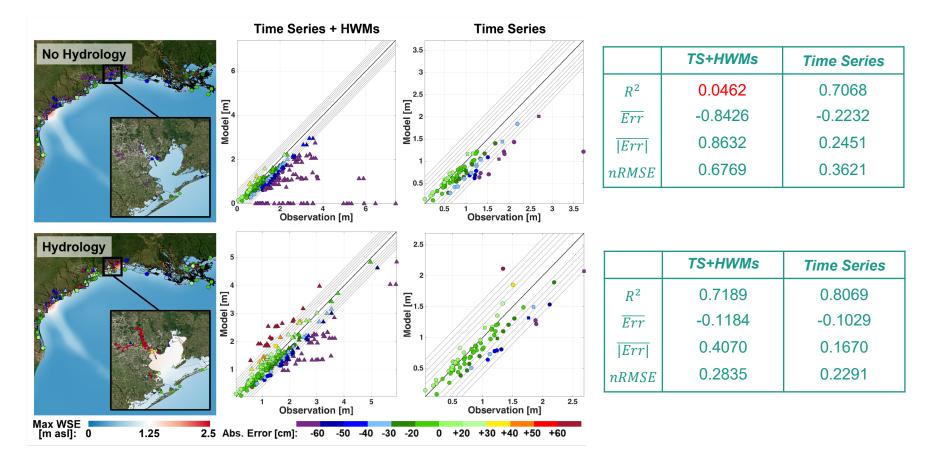
Global STOFS 2D⁺ with NWM: Hurricane Irene forced with NWM hydrology



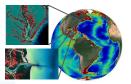
Global STOFS 2D⁺ with NWM: Hurricane Irene forced with NWM hydrology



Global STOFS 2D⁺ with NWM: Hurricane Harvey forced with NWM hydrology



Global STOFS 2D⁺ with NWM: Meteo nesting and sub-grid scale



- Advancements under development
 - Refined forcing from nested meteorological models including HRRR and HAFS
 - Real time improvements in the hurricane core based on NHC advisories
 - Sub-grid scale averaging to incorporate unresolved processes

GFS-FV3 Global Atmospheric Model with HRRR and HAFS nests

ADCIRC Circulation

2D SWE with bpg forcing Sub-grid scale processes with floodplain hydrology

HYCOM 3D Global Circulation Model

CICE Global Sea Ice Model

WRF Hydro National Water Model

Global STOFS 2D⁺ with NWM: Meteo nesting and sub-grid scale processes

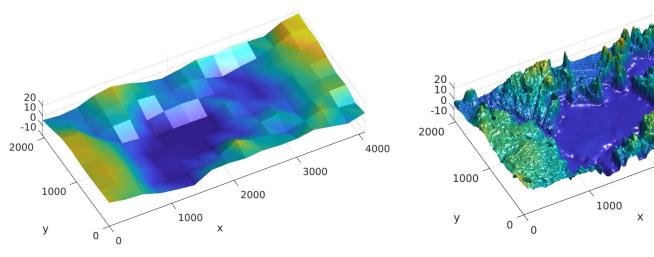
Subgrid scale implementation for features less than 80m to 120m

- Develop ideas from Casulli and others to include sub-grid scale features using averaging and porosity concepts
- Apply pre-computed lookup tables in order to establish porosity
- Implemented in ADCIRC/GWCE, our own FV/FD codes, and now DG p0/p0 and p0/p1 based floodplain elements

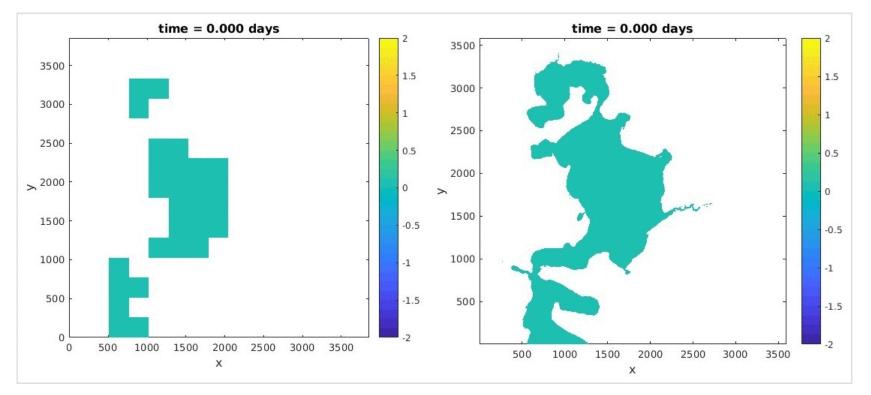
4000

3000

2000



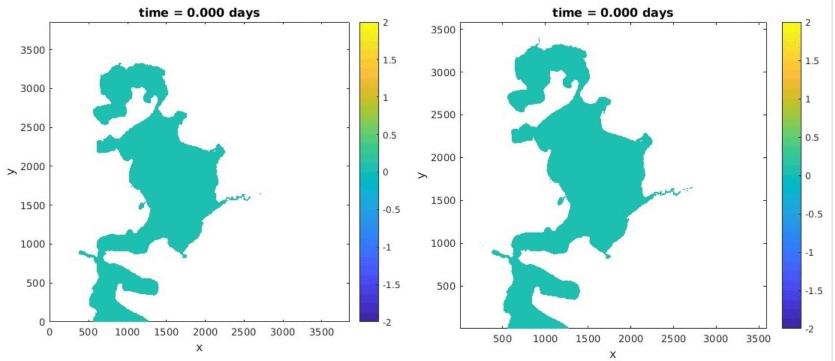
Global STOFS 2D⁺ with NWM: Meteo nesting and sub-grid scale processes



256m mesh

8m mesh

Global STOFS 2D⁺ with NWM: Meteo nesting and sub-grid scale processes



8m mesh

256m mesh with SGS

This model runs 10,000 times faster than the 8m model

